## **Teacher as Archaeologist**

Assessing Background Knowledge

- **1.** We used the analogy of an archeologist to explain the role of assessment in teaching. What metaphors would you use to describe it?
- 2. We described four determinants for differentiating between core and incidental knowledge: *representation* (Is it essential?), *transmission* (Can it be easily explained, or must it be taught?), *transferability* (Will it be used for future understanding?), and *endurance* (What will be remembered after the details are forgotten?). Use these four criteria to discuss examples of core and incidental background knowledge in your discipline.
- **3.** What are the common misconceptions your students bring to your class? How do these misconceptions impede learning?
- **4.** Describe your experiences with anticipation guides and opinionnaires. Why would it be helpful to include common misconceptions about a topic on such an instrument?
- **5.** Why is it necessary to ask for a rationale or explanation from the student when administering an anticipation guide or opinionnaire?
- **6.** How could you incorporate a cloze procedure into your classroom practice? What would you expect it to tell you about your students' background knowledge?
- 7. Which units of study do your students find the most interesting? Which are the least popular? Discuss how you might use an interest survey for the purposes of designing curriculum.